Ansbro Safety Culture Spectrum Where are you now? Where would you like to go? We'll help you get there.

	Reactive	Compliant	Managed	Comprehe
	Informal, no action or minimal effort	Focuses on OSHA compliance	Efforts driven by management	Efforts supported
Leadership and competing demands	Desires to stay out of trouble Lacks a formal approach to safety Thinks common sense is a safety principle Focuses on production at the expense of safety Accepts some injuries as normal and expected	Expects safety role modeling only from those responsible for safety Follows OSHA rules as foundation for safety program Defines success as avoiding OSHA fines and keeping insurance costs down Uses injury count or lost time days for incentives Maintains compliant safety practices when there are high production demands to satisfy customers needs	Expects safe and healthy behaviors, starting with management role modeling Promotes safety and health improvement through management systems to exceed OSHA standards Includes safety as a measurement in performance reviews Believes learning and improving is vital Identifies trends using historical information Considers employee safety and well-being for scheduling, designing workflow, and the physical working environment	Upholds mutual respect, trust, an Leads a self-sufficient and sustain Measures activities that support Supports health improvements for Considers employee impact and making operational decisions Promotes learning teams to engay Values safety and well-being as a all levels above competing demands
Accountability	Holds employees accountable for not using common sense instead of teaching best practices Blames employees most often after an incident or accident Considers hazards, injuries, and unsafe processes as the cost of doing business Omits safety in performance reviews	Sees OSHA and workers' compensation as negative Disciplines by policing and as a way to ensure compliance Designs incentives in a way that might discourage injury reporting Believes employees know what to do without reminders or clear instruction	Gives supervisors clear understanding and responsibility for their team's safety Holds employees accountable to defined responsibilities and procedures Incorporates safety expectations into performance reviews Bases incentives on leading indicators, safety committees, required OSHA training and compliance	Rewards and recognizes employed Establishes accountability at all law Values coaching for learning and Promotes peer-to-peer coaching individuals and teams Bases incentives on successful to prevention, and positive safety be
Employee involvement and communication	Sets little to no (minimal) expectations for employee behavior Uses one-way communication with employees Lacks a safety committee	Expects employees to follow OSHA regulations Accepts minimal communication, participation, and reporting from employees to maintain compliance Minimal engagement in the safety committee	Believes safety and health improvements are important to the company and should be valued by all employees Responds to employee concerns and ideas consistently Seeks employee input and involvement frequently Uses safety observations as a learning tool Fosters quality communication systems between managers and employees at all levels	Engages in open communication trust and respect at all levels Empowers all employees to comparticipates in learning teams for Measures employee perceptions Leverages employee strengths to improve safety and health system
Risk assessment	Believes accidents just happen Assesses hazards only after a serious accident or incident Disregards safety and/or industrial hygiene exposures Lacks knowledge of responsive or preventative actions to improve known safety hazards	Investigates accidents superficially and with minimal follow through Assesses hazards and accidents inconsistently Uses OSHA limits to protect employees from industrial hygiene exposures Complies with minimum OSHA requirements for updating safety analysis, assessment, and evaluation systems	Analyzes root cause of incidents/accidents effectively Assesses hazards and controls during preplanning and on a regular basis Uses health-based limits, versus OSHA compliance to protect employees from industrial hygiene exposures Updates and improves hazard assessments regularly	Improves hazard and risk assess Identifies emerging or unrecogni action consistently Evaluates ergonomics on a syste Performs risk analysis on all pro- results to everyone
Programs,	Relies on worker experience without verification of skills	Considers implementation of OSHA-mandated programs	Integrates safety and well-being into the workplace and	Fosters open communication and

procedures, policies, and training

Equipment,

and budget

environment,

and knowledge **Emphasizes** informal on-the-job training and often doesn't track progress or completion

Focuses on production at the expense of safety **Reacts** to serious incidents with minimal safety improvements

Lacks safety knowledge; relies on posters to deliver safety

Uses outdated equipment and minimal personal protective equipment (PPE) as key safety protection

Aims to improve safety of physical environment only after an incident has occurred

Uses outdated equipment and materials **Neglects** safety and health in budget

adequate

Trains as required by OSHA, often through videos with limited follow-up, hands-on learning, or quizzes

Uses OSHA-required template as generic written program **Relies** on one person or a safety committee to be responsible for safety

Uses PPE as the key safety measure

Provides safeguards based on OSHA-compliance **Implements** minimal OSHA requirements rather than thinking proactively

Funds industrial hygiene and safety programs to meet compliance requirements

Applies required maintenance and updates to equipment and material

nensive

ed by everyone

, and open communication stainable organization ort safety and health s for injury prevention nd contributions when

ngage employees as a deeply ingrained habit at nands

oyee ideas ll levels nd improvement

ing and observation in

l trainings, injury behaviors

on; demonstrates mutual

mmunicate concerns for continual improvement ns to make improvements s to solve problems and

essment systems continually gnized hazards and takes

stemic level projects and communicates

exceeds OSHA standards

Emphasizes updated, timely, and effective employee training, ongoing coaching, and associated record keeping **Applies** written policies and maintains programs that effectively address system improvements at all levels **Develops** training based on job hazards

Manages hazards by performing regular risk assessments and maintaining equipment

Builds a proactive and safe environment into almost every process that exceeds OSHA requirements

Includes line items for safety and health, development of programs, procedures, policies, and training, and equipment maintenance and updates in budget

and innovation in problemsolvina

Promotes opportunities for learning at all levels with a focus on high quality training and personal development **Shares** responsibility and collaborates at all levels **Embraces** continuous improvement processes

Emphasizes and plans employee safety, health and wellbeing into every process; budget, purchasing, ergonomics, and the physical environment.

Continually updates and invests in equipment, environment, and materials to the most current

Values superior and inclusive training, and program development