<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health care providers responsible for workers’ comp treatment*</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>ATTENDING PHYSICIAN STATUS</strong> (Primarily responsible for treatment of a patient’s injury)</td>
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| **Type A** attending physician  
- Podiatrist  
- Medical doctor  
- Osteopathic physician  
- Oral maxillo-facial surgeon | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| **Type B** attending physician  
- Chiropractor  
- Naturopathic physician  
- Physician assistant | Yes, for total of 60 consecutive days or 18 visits, from the date of the first visit on the initial claim with any Type B attending physician. | Yes, 30 days from the date of the first visit with any Type B attending physician on the initial claim, if within the specified 18-visit period. | Yes, unless the total of 60 consecutive days or 18 visits from the date of the initial visit on the initial claim with any Type B attending physician has passed.  
Or, if authorized by an attending physician and under a treatment plan. (Note: Physician assistants are not required to have a written treatment plan.) |
| Emergency room physicians | No, if the physician refers the patient to a primary care physician. | ER physicians may authorize time loss for up to 14 days only, including retroactive authorization. | Yes |
| Authorized nurse practitioner | No | Yes, for 180 days from the date of the first visit on the initial claim. | Yes, for 180 consecutive days from the date of the first visit to any authorized nurse practitioner on the initial claim.  
Or if authorized by attending physician. |
| Other health care providers e.g., acupuncturists | No | No | Yes, for 30 consecutive days or 12 visits from the date of the first visit on the initial claim with any other healthcare providers.  
Thereafter, services must be provided under a treatment plan and authorized by the attending physician. |

* This does not apply to managed care organizations (MCOs).